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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of East Shore Leadership Academy

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of East Shore Leadership Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise East Shore Leadership Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of East Shore Leadership Academy, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of East Shore Leadership Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about East Shore Leadership Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about East Shore Leadership Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as detailed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the East Shore Leadership Academy's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the Table of Contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2023, on our consideration of East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croskay Lauri; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 30, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

East Shore Leadership Academy (the "School") offers readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the past and current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the basic financial statements and other supplementary information. Please read it in conjunction with the school's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

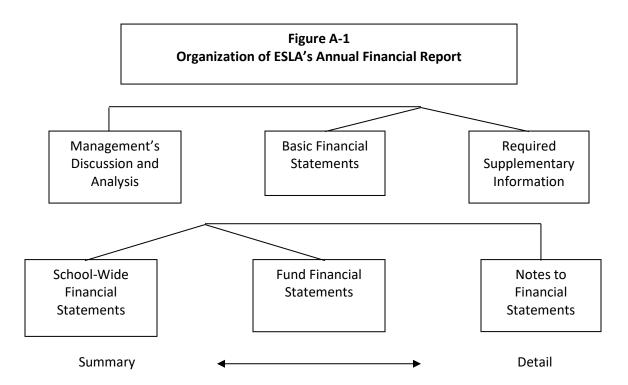
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total cost of basic programs was \$984,721.
- Revenues were \$2,625,772 while expenditures were \$2,741,866 in the General Fund.
- The federal government made available grants of approximately \$485,500 to mitigate additional costs related to the coronavirus during the fiscal year 2022-2023.
- Blended enrollment used for state aid purposes was 177.93 compared to 151.79 for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2022.
- The school has a positive General Fund balance of \$462,774 as of June 30, 2023. This is equal to 17.6% of the General Fund revenues for the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the school:

- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the school's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Academy, and reporting Academy operations in more detail.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed.



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the school's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2
Major Features of School-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	School-Wide	
	Statements	Government Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the school that are not proprietary or
		fiduciary, such as special education and building
		maintenance
Required	*Statement of net	*Balance sheet
financial	position	*Statement of revenues, expenditures
statements	*Statement of activities	and changes in fund balances
Accounting	Accrual accounting and economic resources	Modified accrual accounting and current financial
basis and	focus	resources
measurement		
focus		
Type of	All assets and liabilities both financial and	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities
asset/liability	capital, short-term and long-term	that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no
information		capital assets or long-term liabilities included
Type of	All revenues and expenses during year,	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon
inflow/outflow	regardless of when cash is received or paid	after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or
information		services have been received and the related liability is
		due and payable

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the school's financial statements, including the portion of the school's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

SCHOOL-WIDE STATEMENTS

The school-wide statements report information about the school as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all Academy assets and liabilities. All current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the Academy's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the school's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the school's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the school's assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the school, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the school's enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the school's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the school as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the school uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Governmental activities Most of the school's basic services are included in the general fund, such as regular and special education and administration. State foundation aid finances most of these activities.
- The school establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The school has one kind of fund:

❖ Governmental funds — Most of the school's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the school's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information with governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The school's financial position is the product of many factors.

General Fund Budgetary Analysis

Over the course of the year, the school reviewed and amended the annual operating budget several times.

Financial Outlook

The East Shore Leadership Academy's financial forecast continues to be optimistic heading into the 2023/2024 school year.

- The Academy has an initial budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 which approves the spending of \$28,176 of the general fund balance. This will have no effect on the operation of the school going forward.
- Enrollment is expected to be stable for the 2023-2024 school year.

Table A-3
East Shore Leadership Academy's Net Position

	2023			2022
Current and other assets	\$	1,011,806	\$	1,087,526
Capital assets		468,370		565,131
Total assets		1,480,176		1,652,657
Long-term debt outstanding		213,610		181,892
Other liabilities		465,488		669,486
Total liabilities		679,098		851,378
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		254,760		197,443
Restricted		83,544		76,118
Unrestricted		462,774		527,718
Total net position	\$	801,078	\$	801,279

Table A-4
Changes in East Shore Leadership Academy's Net Position

Revenues:	2023	2022		
Program revenues:				
Federal and state operating grants	\$ 1,160,715	\$	889,055	
General revenues:				
State aid - unrestricted	1,630,334		1,321,490	
Miscellaneous	14,183		34,798	
Total revenues	2,805,232		2,245,343	
Expenses:				
Instruction	1,362,129		1,145,945	
Support services and community services	1,192,065		925,920	
Interest on long-term debt	10,104		14,130	
Unallocated depreciation / amortization	241,135		213,423	
Total expenses	 2,805,433		2,299,418	
Change in net position	\$ (201)	\$	(54,075)	

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2023, the school had invested \$1,065,061 in capital assets, including improvements, equipment, furniture, computers and software, and GASB 87 Right to use assets (as discussed in Note 1 – Leases, in these financial statements). See Table A-5 below for a listing of capital assets, and the accumulated depreciation/amortization.

Table A-5
East Shore Leadership Academy's Capital Assets

	Balance June 30, 2023			Balance e 30, 2022
Improvements	\$	218,704	\$	140,121
Equipment		103,313		94,535
Furniture		102,453		102,453
Computer and software	75,976			75,976
Right to use assets		564,615		547,999
Subtotal		1,065,061		961,084
Accumulated depreciation / amortization		596,691		395,953
Net book value	\$	468,370	\$	565,131

Long-Term Debt

The Academy owed \$213,610 on a long term lease obligations as of June 30, 2023. See Note 7 to the financial statements for more information.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

- Successful navigation of the current virtual learning environment.
- Increasing enrollment in future years.
- State aid foundation grant stabilization.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the school's finances and to demonstrate the school's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the management office at:

Bold Education Connections, LLC 1403 7th Street, Port Huron, MI 48060

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	105,406
Due from other governmental units	·	889,756
Prepaid expenses		16,644
Total current assets		1,011,806
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization		468,370
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	1,480,176
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	172,571
Unearned revenue		40,888
Other accrued expenses		252,029
Long-term debt - current portion		181,025
Total current liabilities		646,513
Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion		32,585
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		254,760
Restricted for food service		83,544
Unrestricted		462,774
Total net position		801,078
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	1,480,176

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program	Rever	nues	Rev Ch Ne	(Expense) enues and langes in t Position vernment
	_		arges for	Operating			Туре
		xpenses	 ervices		Grants	A	ctivities
Functions							
Instruction							
Basic programs	\$	984,721	\$ -	\$	421,237	\$	(563,484)
Added needs		377,408	-		418,174		40,766
Support services							
Pupil support services		103,277	-		41,779		(61,498)
Instructional staff support services		55,913	-		53,642		(2,271)
General administration		302,735	-		-		(302,735)
School administration		202,227	-		2,267		(199,960)
Business support services		192	-		-		(192)
Operations and maintenance		309,938	-		35,490		(274,448)
Pupil transportation services		30	-		-		(30)
Central support services		34,114	-		4,482		(29,632)
Other pupil activities		368	-		-		(368)
Food services		155,351	-		172,845		17,494
Other support services		7,803	-		7,803		-
Community services		20,117	-		2,996		(17,121)
Unallocated depreciation / amortization		241,135	-		-		(241,135)
Unallocated interest		10,104	 				(10,104)
Total primary government	\$	2,805,433	\$ -	\$	1,160,715		(1,644,718)
General Purpose Revenues							
State school aid - unrestricted							1,630,334
Miscellaneous revenues							14,183
Total general purpose revenues							1,644,517
Change in net position							(201)
Net position - July 1, 2022							801,279
Net position - June 30, 2023						\$	801,078

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS

			Total			
	General			d Service	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	105,406	\$	-	\$	105,406
Due from other governmental units		889,756		-		889,756
Due from other funds		-		83,544		83,544
Prepaid expenses		16,644		-		16,644
Total assets	\$	1,011,806	\$	83,544	\$	1,095,350
LIABILITIES AN	D ELIN	D BALANCE				
LIADILITIES AN	DFUN	D BALANCE				
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	172,571	\$	-	\$	172,571
Due to other funds		83,544		-		83,544
Unearned revenue		40,888		-		40,888
Other accrued expenses		252,029		-		252,029
Total liabilities		549,032		-		549,032
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable		16,644		-		16,644
Restricted		-		83,544		83,544
Assigned		28,176		-		28,176
Unassigned		417,954				417,954
Total fund balance		462,774		83,544		546,318
Total liabilities and						
fund balance	\$	1,011,806	\$	83,544	\$	1,095,350

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 546,318
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$1,065,061 and the accumulated depreciation / amortization is \$596,691.	468,370
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(213,610)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 801,078

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Cananal	Specia	on-Major al Revenue -		Takal
Revenues		General	FOC	d Service	-	Total
Local sources	\$	415	\$	_	\$	415
State sources	*	1,882,621	*	6,962	*	1,889,583
Federal sources		728,230		164,593		892,823
Interdistrict sources		14,506		-		14,506
Total governmental fund revenues		2,625,772		171,555		2,797,327
Expenditures						
Instruction						
Basic programs		984,721		-		984,721
Added needs		377,408		-		377,408
Support services						
Pupil support services		103,277		-		103,277
Instructional staff support services		55,913		-		55,913
General administration		302,735		-		302,735
School administration		202,227		-		202,227
Business support services		192		-		192
Operations and maintenance		309,938		-		309,938
Pupil transportation services		30		-		30
Central support services		34,114		-		34,114
Other pupil activities		368				368
Food services		-		155,351		155,351
Other support services		7,803				7,803
Community services		20,117		-		20,117
Capital outlay		135,596		8,778		144,374
Debt principal and interest		207,427				207,427
Total governmental fund expenditures		2,741,866		164,129		2,905,995
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(116,094)		7,426		(108,668)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from long-term debt		57,013				57,013
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing						
sources over expenditures and other uses		(59,081)		7,426		(51,655)
Fund balance - July 1, 2022		521,855		76,118		597,973
Fund balance - June 30, 2023	\$	462,774	\$	83,544	\$	546,318

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ (51,655)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditure in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported and amortization expense. This is the amount by which do and amortization exceeded capital outlay in the current p	ne cost is as depreciation epreciation		
Capital outlay Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 144,3 (241,3		(96,761)
Revenue is reported in the statement of activities when exported in the funds until collected or collectible within		end	(5,863)
The governmental funds report loan proceeds as an other source, while repayment of loan principal is reported as a expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these in the treatment of general loan obligations is as follows:	the se differences		
Proceeds from long-term debt Repayment and extinguishment of loan principal	\$ (57,0 211,0	•	154,078
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		=	\$ (201)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of East Shore Leadership Academy (the "Academy") conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public school academies. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

East Shore Leadership Academy was formed as a public school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994. The Academy filed articles of incorporation as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1982, as amended, on May 21, 2014, and began operation in July 2014.

In June 2019, the Academy entered into a five-year contract with Northern Michigan University's Board of Control to charter a public school academy. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State constitution. The University's Board of Control is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays Northern Michigan University's Board of Control three percent of state aid as administrative fees. Total administrative fees paid for the year ended June 30, 2023 were approximately \$55,000.

In June 2019, the Academy entered into an agreement with Bold Educational Connections, LLC, "BEC" to run coterminous with the contract issued between the Academy and Northern Michigan University's Board of Control. Under the terms of this agreement, BEC will provide a variety of services including financial management, educational programs and consulting, as well as teacher training. The Academy is obligated to pay BEC eleven percent of its state school aid revenue and all other governmental revenue sources. Total compensation for these services shall not be less than \$100,000 nor exceed \$800,000 in any one fiscal year of the Academy. Management fees for the year ended June 30, 2023 were approximately \$217,800.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the public school academy. Based on application of criteria, the Academy does not contain component units.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Academy. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of a fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types in two broad fund categories.

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

Special Revenue Fund (Food Service) - The special revenue fund is used to account for the food service program operations. The special revenue fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, is used to record certain revenue and the payment of interest, principal and other expenditures on long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The capital projects fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Governmental and agency funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

- a. Revenue that is both measurable and available for use to finance operations is recorded as revenue when earned. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.
- b. Payments for inventoriable types of supplies, which are not significant at year end, are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- c. Principal and interest of general long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures until their due dates.
- d. The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance funding approach, which provides for specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenue from state sources is primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law. A major portion of the Academy's revenue is derived from this state aid. As such, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on this aid. The Academy's existence is dependent upon qualification for such aid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Academy and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Academy does not allocate indirect expenses to programs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Academy has eliminated inter-fund transactions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Academy. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Academy's policy to use restricted resources first.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intends to hold the investment until maturity. The Academy held no investments during the year ended June 30, 2023. State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, saving accounts, deposit accounts, and or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2023 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions or retirements during the year. The Academy follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a useful life of less than one year. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure assets.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Right to use assets of the Academy are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease/subscription period or the estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements10-50 yearsFurniture and equipment5-15 yearsComputers and software3-10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws of regulations of other governments.

Fund Equity

The Academy has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Academy's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. This category typically includes prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- a. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- b. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- c. Assigned fund balance amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or committee to which the Board delegates the authority.
- d. *Unassigned fund balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Academy follows the policy that restricted, committed, or assigned amounts will be considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unassigned and restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances are available. There are no governmental funds with a deficit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Leases

Leases and Subscription Based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

The Academy is a lessee for a noncancelable lease/subscription of a building. The Academy recognizes a lease/SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use lease/SBITA asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease/subscription, the Academy initially measures the lease/SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease/SBITA term. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease/SBITA payments made. The lease/SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease/SBITA liability, adjusted for lease/SBITA payments made at or before the lease/SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases included how the Academy determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease/SBITA payments to present value, (2) lease/SBITA term, and (3) lease/SBITA payments.

- The Academy uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Academy generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases/SBITA.
- The lease/SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the lease/subscription. Lease/SBITA payments included in the measurement of the lease/SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Academy is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Academy monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease/SBITA and will remeasure the lease/SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease/SBITA liability.

Lease/SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and lease/SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances are not formally recorded.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. The Academy is required by law to adopt general and special revenue fund budgets. During the year ended June 30, 2023 the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. A comparison of actual expenditures against amounts appropriated can be found on page 19 of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2023, the Academy did not hold any investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. As of June 30, 2023, the Academy did not hold any investments in pooled investment accounts.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2023, none of the Academy's cash was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. All cash balances were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2023.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Fair Value

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Academy has the ability to access.
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- c. Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The observable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Academy's own data.)

The Academy does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value measurement.

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units consist of the following:

Local sources	\$ 13,053
State sources	332,296
Federal sources	 544,407
Total	\$ 889,756

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the Academy's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022		A	dditions	D	isposals	Balance June 30, 2023		
Capital assets subject to depreciation / amortization									
Right to use - assets	\$	547,999	\$	57,013	\$	40,397	\$	564,615	
Improvements	•	140,121	,	78,583	•	-	т	218,704	
Equipment		94,535		8,778		_		103,313	
Furniture		102,453		-		-		102,453	
Computers and software	75,976				-			75,976	
Subtotal		961,084		144,374		40,397		1,065,061	
Accumulated depreciation / amortization									
Right to use - assets		173,052		194,432		40,397		327,087	
Improvements		33,531		14,443		-		47,974	
Equipment		66,047		12,205		-		78,252	
Furniture		54,778		14,522	-			69,300	
Computers and software		68,545		5,533		-		74,078	
Subtotal		395,953		241,135		40,397		596,691	
Total net capital assets	\$	565,131	\$	(96,761)	\$	-	\$	468,370	

Depreciation and amortization expense was not charged to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTE 6 – OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses may be summarized as follows:

Purchased services - payroll and benefits	\$ 135,681
Rent	50,240
University oversight fee	9,969
Management fee	 56,139
Total other accrued expenses	\$ 252,029

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations as of June 30, 2023 can be summarized as follows:

Loan Information

		nterest Rate		aturity Date				Other				
Direct borrowing - building		3.00%	Aug	ust, 2024	Base monthly payments of \$13,636 additional rent due for various tern September 2024							
Loan Activity					Ret	irements				Due		
	E	Balance				and	B	Balance	Within			
	July 1, 2022		Additions		Payments		Payments		Jun	e 30, 2023	0	ne Year
Direct borrowing - building	\$	367,688	\$	57,013	\$	211,091	\$	213,610	\$	181,025		

Following are maturities of long-term obligations for principal and interest for the next two years:

	_	Principal	<u>Ir</u>	nterest
2024	;	\$ 181,025	\$	4,448
2025		32,585		136

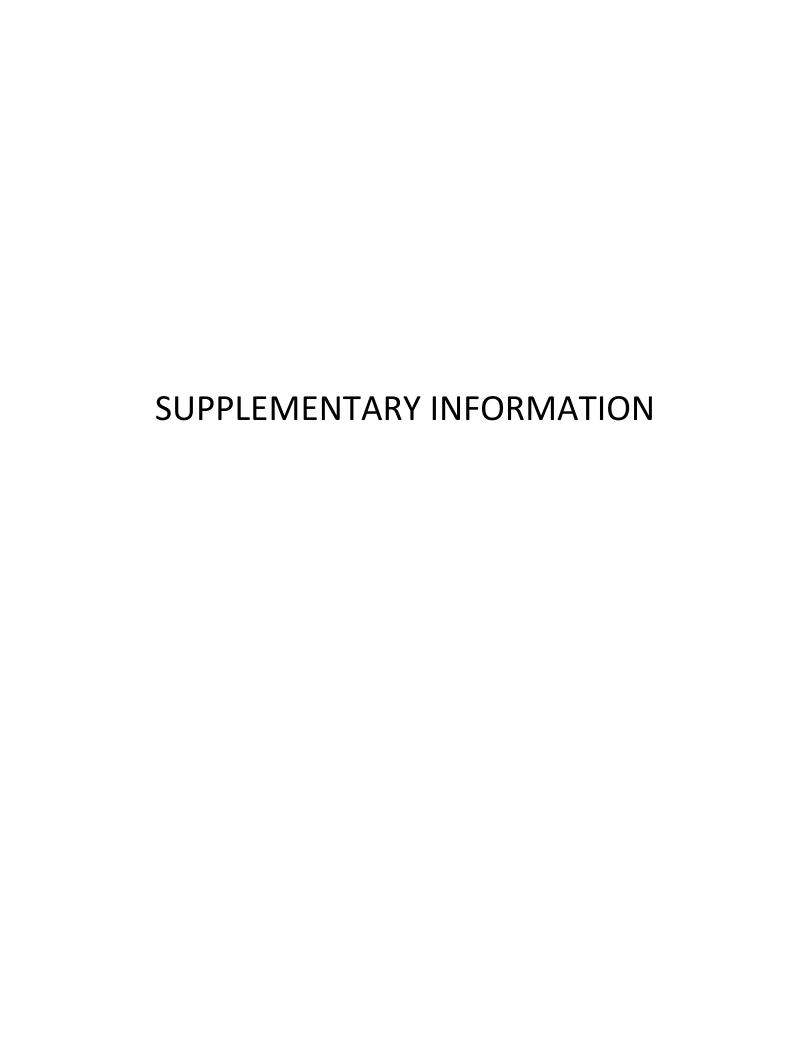
NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN

All employees leased by the Academy are eligible to participate in a retirement plan which qualifies under the provisions of Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The employer under this plan will contribute 3% of salaries regardless of the amount of the employee contribution. The employer will additionally match up to 3% of employee contributed funds. Eligible employees may contribute up to 15% of their salaries under the terms of this plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (worker's compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenues			 				
Local sources	\$	35,500	\$ 15,000	\$ 415	\$	(14,585)	
State sources		1,575,500	1,916,779	1,882,621		(34,158)	
Federal sources		390,000	838,668	728,230		(110,438)	
Interdistrict sources			 13,913	 14,506		593	
Total general fund revenues		2,001,000	2,784,360	2,625,772		(158,588)	
Expenditures							
Instruction							
Basic programs		640,000	1,144,123	984,721		(159,402)	
Added needs		370,000	420,460	377,408		(43,052)	
Support services							
Pupil support services		22,000	99,881	103,277		3,396	
Instructional staff support services		45,000	42,235	55,913		13,678	
General administration		258,000	323,950	302,735		(21,215)	
School administration		190,000	203,550	202,227		(1,323)	
Business support services		-	-	192		192	
Operations and maintenance		432,000	335,312	309,938		(25,374)	
Pupil transportation services		1,500	750	30		(720)	
Central support services		19,500	35,353	34,114		(1,239)	
Other pupil activities		-	368	368		-	
Other support services		1,500	8,587	7,803		(784)	
Community services		15,500	15,993	20,117		4,124	
Capital outlay		-	135,596	135,596		-	
Debt principal and interest			207,600	 207,427		(173)	
Total general fund expenditures		1,995,000	 2,973,758	 2,741,866		(231,892)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		6,000	(189,398)	(116,094)		73,304	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from long-term debt		20,000	 57,013	 57,013			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over			,				
expenditures and other uses		26,000	(132,385)	(59,081)		73,304	
Fund balance - July 1, 2022		521,855	 521,855	 521,855		-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023	\$	547,855	\$ 389,470	\$ 462,774	\$	73,304	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Local Sources	
Earnings on investments	\$ 415
State Sources	
At risk	181,562
Special education	18,193
State aid	 1,682,866
Total state sources	1,882,621
Federal Sources	
IDEA	48,416
Title I	172,176
Title II A	10,960
Title IV	11,328
Other program revenue	 485,350
Total federal sources	728,230
Interdistrict Sources	 14,506
Total general fund revenues	\$ 2,625,772

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Basic Programs	
Purchased services	\$ 852,307
Repairs and maintenance	103,426
Supplies and materials	28,402
Other expenditures	586
Total basic programs	984,721
Added Needs	
Purchased services	369,443
Supplies and materials	7,965_
Total added needs	377,408
Pupil Support Services	
Health services	5,745
Psychological services	14,673
Speech pathology and audiology	29,400
Social work services	11,680
Other pupil services	41,779
Total pupil support services	103,277
Instructional Staff Support Services	
Purchased services	50,504
Supplies and materials	5,409_
Total instructional staff support services	55,913
General Administration	
Purchased services	28,055
University oversight	272,760
Other expenditures	1,920
Total general administration	302,735

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

School Administration	
Purchased services	183,679
Supplies and materials	13,952
Other expenditures	4,596
Total school administration	202,227
Business Support Services	
Other expenditures	192
Operations and Maintenance	
Purchased services	65,343
Repairs and maintenance	133,107
Rentals	64,534
Supplies and materials	46,954
Total operations and maintenance	309,938
Pupil Transportation Services	
Purchased services	30
Central Support Services	
Purchased services	4,483
Repairs and maintenance	29,631
Total central support services	34,114
Other Pupil Activities	
Purchased services	368
Other Support Services	
Purchased services	7,803

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Community ServicesPurchased services7,765Other expenditures12,352Total community services20,117Capital Outlay135,596Debt Principal and Interest207,427Total general fund expenditures\$ 2,741,866

APPENDIX

Federal Awards Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of East Shore Leadership Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of East Shore Leadership Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise East Shore Leadership Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether East Shore Leadership Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Crafay Laures; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 30, 2023





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of East Shore Leadership Academy

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited East Shore Leadership Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of East Shore Leadership Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. East Shore Leadership Academy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, East Shore Leadership Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of East Shore Leadership Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of East Shore Leadership Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to East Shore Leadership Academy's federal programs.

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Fax: 561.368.4641

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on East Shore Leadership Academy's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about East Shore Leadership Academy's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding East Shore Leadership Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of East Shore Leadership Academy's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.



Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croshay Laure; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	Federal ALN	Approved Awards Amount	I	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2022	•	ustments and ansfers	Pa	eral Funds/ ayments In-kind eceived	Expe	nditures	(D Re	accrued deferred) evenue at e 30, 2023	C: Transf	ent Year ash ferred To ecipient
Clusters:																
Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture -																
Passed through the Michigan Department of Education:																
National School Lunch Program:																
Noncash Assistance (Commodities) -	21/2	40.555	ć 0.3	40						2.265		2.265				
National School Lunch Program Commodities 2022-2023	N/A	10.555	\$ 8,3	49	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,365	\$	3,365	\$	-	\$	-
Cash Assistance -																
COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance 2022-2023	220910	10.555	15,2	14	2,431	(5,152)		-		7,632		4,259		(8,525)		-
National School Lunch Program 2022-2023	221960/231960	10.555	105,6	78				-		105,678		105,678				
Total National School Lunch Program Cash and Noncash Assistance		10.555	129,2	41	2,431	(5,152)		-		116,675		113,302		(8,525)		-
National School Breakfast Program:																
National School Breakfast Program 2022-2023	221970/231970	10.553	50,6	63		_		-		50,663		50,663		-		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			179,9	04	2,431	(5,152)		-		167,338		163,965		(8,525)		-
Special Education Cluster - U.S. Department of Education -																
Passed through the St. Clair County RESA:																
IDEA Special Education – Formula Grants to ISDs:																
IDEA Flowthrough 2122	220450	84.027A	37,0	01	37,001	37,001		-		37,001		-		-		-
IDEA Flowthrough 2223	230450	84.027A	48,4	16				-		-		48,416		48,416		
Total IDEA Flowthrough		84.027A	85,4	17	37,001	37,001		-		37,001		48,416		48,416		-
American Rescue Plan Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (ARP-IDEA):																
COVID-19 - ARP-IDEA 2122	221280	84.027X	5,8	36	5,836	5,836		-		5,836						
Total Special Education Cluster			91,2	53	42,837	42,837		-		42,837		48,416		48,416		-

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	Federal ALN	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2023	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Other Federal Awards:	- Tuniber	ALIV	Amount	Expenditures	July 1, 2022	munsiers	neceived	Expenditures	June 30, 2023	Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Agriculture -										
Passed Through the Michigan Department of Education: Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs:										
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 2022	220980	10.649	628	-	-	-	628	628	-	-
U.S. Department of Education -										
Passed Through the Michigan Department of Education: Title I, Part A: Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAS:										
Title I Part A 2122	221530	84.010A	181,021	168,335	168,335	-	168,335	-	-	-
Title I Part A 2223	231530	84.010A	182,746					172,176	172,176	
Total Title I Part A		84.010A	363,767	168,335	168,335	-	168,335	172,176	172,176	-
Title II, Part A: Supporting Effective Instruction:										
Title II Part A 2122	220520	84.367	24,294	20,328	20,328	-	20,328	-	-	-
Title II Part A 2223	230520	84.367	13,904					10,960	10,960	
Total Title II Part A		84.367	38,198	20,328	20,328	-	20,328	10,960	10,960	-
Title IV, Part A: Student Support and Academic Enrichment:										
Title IV Part A 2122	220750	84.424A	21,784	14,359	14,359	-	14,359	-	-	-
Title IV Part A 2223	230750	84.424A	20,707					11,328	11,328	
Total Title IV Part A		84.424A	42,491	14,359	14,359	-	14,359	11,328	11,328	-
Education Stabilization Fund:										
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) 1920 COVID-19 - Supplemental Elementary and Secondary School	203710	84.425D	162,090	161,884	3,025	-	3,025	-	-	=
Emergency Relief (ESSER II) 2021	213712	84.425D	319,668	291,275	226,275	-	254,668	28,393	-	-
COVID-19 - ESSER III Formula – American Rescue Plan (ARP-ESSER) 2122	213713	84.425U	665,510	100,048	100,048	-	255,478	449,108	293,678	-
COVID-19 - ESSER II – Section 98c Per-Pupil Payments for Learning Loss 2223	213782	84.425D	7,849					7,849	7,849	
Total Education Stabilization Fund		84.425	1,155,117	553,207	329,348		513,171	485,350	301,527	
Total Federal Awards			\$ 1,871,358	\$ 801,497	\$ 570,055	\$ -	\$ 926,996	\$ 892,823	\$ 535,882	\$ -

RECONCILIATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEDERAL REVENUE AND RECEIVABLES WITH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Revenues to Expenditures

Revenue from federal sources - As reported on modified accrual financial statements (includes all funds):

General Fund	\$ 728,230
Special Revenue Fund - Food Services	 164,593
Federal expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 892,823
	_
Receivables	
Receivables from federal sources - As reported on financial statements	\$ 544,407
Supply Chain Assistance Grant deformed revenue	
,	(8 525)
per the schedule of experialitules of federal awards	(0,323)
Federal receivables per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 535,882
Receivables from federal sources - As reported on financial statements Supply Chain Assistance Grant deferred revenue per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ (8,525)

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of East Shore Leadership Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of East Shore Leadership Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of East Shore Leadership Academy.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

East Shore Leadership Academy has elected to not use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - NONCASH ASSISTANCE

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 - GRANT AUDITOR REPORT

Management has utilized the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Unreconciled differences, if any, have been disclosed to the auditor.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF THE AUDITOR'S RESULTS.

SECTION SOMMAN OF THE ADDITIONS NESSEES				
Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:		<u>Unma</u>	<u>Unmodified</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:				
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	<u>X</u> no	
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 		yes	_X_none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	<u>X</u> no	
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	<u>X</u> no	
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 		yes	_X_none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		<u>Unmodified</u>		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?		yes	<u>X</u> _no	
Identification of major programs:				
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Education Stabilization Fund			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in 2 CFR section 200.	518(b):	\$750,	.000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes	<u>X</u> no	
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS NONE				

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS NONE